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Arrival at Reedy Island Quarantine of vessels from West Indian and Mexican ports.

> REEDY ISLAND QUARANTINE, via Port Penn, Del., April 28, 1901.

SIR: Through the medical officer in command, national quarantine service on Delaware River and Bay, I have the honor to report the arrival at this station of the following vessels: April 22, 1901, British steamship Wildcroft, from Havana via Cardenas and Matanzas, with sugar; no passengers; Havana bill of health signed by Surgeon Glennan; Cardenas bill of health signed by Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez; Matanzas bill of health signed by P. A. Surg. G. M. Guitéras. April 24, 1901, British steamship St. Hubert, from Vera Cruz via Cardenas, with sugar; no passengers; Vera Cruz bill of health signed by Wm. W. Canada, United States consul, and D. E. Dudley, acting assistant surgeon, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service: Cardenas bill of health signed by Enrique Saez, acting assistant surgeon, U.S. Marine Hospital Service. April 25, 1901, British steamship Georgian Prince, from Havana, with molasses; no passengers; bill of health signed by Surgeon Glennan. April 26, 1901, British steamship Grayfield, from St. Thomas via Santiago, with ore; no passengers; Santiago bill of health signed by Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf. April 27, 1901, British steamship King Gruffydd, from Santiago, Manzanillo, and Guantanamo, with sugar; no passengers; Santiago bill of health signed by Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf; Manzanillo bill of health signed by Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socaras; Guantanamo bill of health signed by Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin.

Respectfully,

T. F. RICHARDSON.

Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S., In Command.

Arrival at Baltimore of vessels from West Indian and South American ports.

Baltimore, Md., April 27, 1901.

SIR: I have to report the arrivals for the week ended this day, as follows: April 23, British steamship Baron Innerdale, from Iquique, Chile, cargo, general. April 24, Norwegian steamship Iberia, from Banes, Cuba, with fruit. April 27, British steamship Aldborough, from Daiquiri, with ore.

Respectfully,

JNO. R. KING. Acting Collector.

Collector.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 4, 1901.

SIR: I have to report the arrival at this port of the following-named vessels for the week ended this day: May 1, Norwegian steamship *Helga*, from Daiquiri, with ore. May 2, Norwegian steamship *Spero*, from Banes, with fruit; Norwegian steamship Agnes, from Banes, with fruit; British steamship Wearside, from Daiquiri, with ore. May 4, Norwegian steamship Hero, from Daiquiri, with ore. WM. F. STONE, Respectfully,

Reports from the Mexican border.

El Paso, Tex., April 27, 1901—Inspection service.—I have the honor to report the following summary of work at this station for the week ended April 27, 1901: Inspection Mexican Central Railroad passengers, 213; inspection Rio Grande and Pacific Railroad passengers, 23; inspection of immigrants, 48; disinfection of clothing, blankets, etc., 321 pieces; May 10,1901 1010

disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry, 421 pieces; disinfection soiled Pullman linen, 2,812 pieces; vaccination of immigrants' children, 7.

E. ALEXANDER, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Laredo, Tex., April 21, 1901—The case of smallpox in Nuevo Laredo.—Referring to my telegram of April 20, reporting 1 death from smallpox at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, I investigated on morning of April 21 and found that the family had come from Guanajuato, Mexico, a short time before. The house was closed and disinfected, most of the bedding burnt, and all articles in house disinfected. The city health officer of Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, informed me that there were 3 others of family not immunes to smallpox and that he had telegraphed to Monterey for fresh vaccine, but could not obtain a supply at once. I gave him 3 points to vaccinate the 3 children known to have been exposed. I suppose there were probably other exposures, but I delayed full report until this date to try and discover other cases, but as yet I am informed that no other cases have been found.

H. J. HAMILTON, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

GEORGIA—Macon.—Month of April, 1901. Estimated population, 28,000—white, 15,000; colored, 13,000. Total number of deaths, 27—white, 17; colored, 10—including whooping cough, 1, and 4 from phthisis pulmonalis.

INDIANA—Muncie.—Month of April, 1901. Census population, 20,942. Total number of deaths, 29, including 1 from tuberculosis.

Iowa—Dubuque.—Month of March, 1901. Census population, 36,297. Total number of deaths, 45, including whooping cough, 1, and 4 from tuberculosis.

KANSAS—Leavenworth.—Month of April, 1901. Census population, 21,556. Total number of deaths, 29, including 3 from tuberculosis.

MASSACHUSETTS — Newton. — Month of April, 1901. Census population, 33,587. Total number of deaths, 36, including 5 from tuberculosis.

Worcester.—Month of March, 1901. Census population, 118,421. Total number of deaths, 189, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 1; whooping cough, 2, and 25 from tuberculosis.

MINNESOTA—Winona.—Month of April, 1901. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 23, including 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

NEW JERSEY—Paterson.—Month of March, 1901. Estimated population, 106,737. Total number of deaths, 169, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 1; scarlet fever, 1; whooping cough, 1, and 31 from tuberculosis.

NEW YORK.—Reports to the State board of health, Albany, for the month of March, 1901, from 156 cities, towns, and villages having an aggregate estimated population of 7,268,000, show a total of 11,913 deaths, including diphtheria, 277; enteric fever, 111; measles, 100; scarlet fever, 200; whooping cough, 57; smallpox, 39, and 1,293 from phthisis pulmonalis.